5. Sınıf İngilizce Life in Nature Destekleme ve Zenginleştirme Kâğıdı

WORKSHEET

2026-2027 · Tema 7: Life in Nature · Destekleme ve zenginleştirme (farklılaştırma)

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

A Support 1: Guess who I am!

Complete the sentences with the words in the box. *(Destek: Cümleleri kutudaki kelimelerle tamamlayın.)*

bird • reptile • mammal • insect • savanna • ocean

1. A parrot is a _____ . You can find it in the jungle.
2. A crocodile is a _____ . You can find it in a river.
3. A bear is a _____ . You can find it in a forest.
4. A bee is an _____ . You can find it in a field of flowers.
5. A zebra is a mammal. You can find it on the _____ in Africa.

B Support 2: What can it do?

Match the animals with their abilities. *(Destek: Hayvanları yetenekleriyle eşleştirin.)*

1. A monkey	a) can run very fast.
2. An eagle	b) can swim in cold water.
3. A cheetah	c) can swing from tree to tree.
4. A seal	d) can fly very high.

C Support 3: can or can’t?

Choose the correct answer. *(Destek: Doğru cevabı seçin.)*

1. Fish ____ swim, but they ____ walk.

a) can / can’t b) can’t / can c) is / isn’t

2. Penguins ____ fly.

a) can b) can’t c) are

3. Elephants ____ fly, but they can swim.

a) can’t b) can c) do

4. Snakes can’t walk, but they ____ move fast.

a) can’t b) are c) can

D Challenge 1: The kelaynak

Read the text and answer the questions. *(Zenginleştirme: Metni okuyun ve soruları cevaplayın.)*

> The northern bald ibis, or kelaynak, is one of the rarest birds in the world. It has got shiny black feathers, a bald red head and a long, curved red beak. In Türkiye, you can find kelaynaks in Birecik, a small town on the Euphrates River in Şanlıurfa. They make their nests on the high rocks by the river. In the past, there were many kelaynaks here, but people used chemicals on the fields, and the birds lost their food. Today, there are not many kelaynaks in the world. In Birecik, there is a special station for them. The workers there feed the birds and protect their babies. Every year, many birdwatchers visit the town. We must protect the kelaynak because it is a part of our nature and history.

1. What does a kelaynak look like?

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2. Where can you find kelaynaks in Türkiye?

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3. Why are there not many kelaynaks today?

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4. Why must we protect the kelaynak? Write your own idea, too.

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E Challenge 2: Riddles and rules

Do the tasks. *(Zenginleştirme: Görevleri yapın.)*

1. Write a “Guess who I am!” riddle (4–5 sentences) about an animal. Don’t write its name. Use It is a …, I can …, You can find me in …

2. Write three rules for visitors to the kelaynak station. Use must and mustn’t.