11. Sınıf İngilizce Back to the Past Çalışma Kâğıdı

WORKSHEET

11. Sınıf · Ünite 5: Back to the Past · Seviye B1–B2 · dersimizingilizce.com

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

A Vocabulary

Match the words with their Turkish meanings. *(Kelimeleri Türkçe anlamlarıyla eşleştirin.)*

1. ancient	a) medeniyet
2. ruins	b) imparatorluk
3. civilization	c) kazı
4. empire	d) arkeolog
5. archaeologist	e) kalıntılar, harabeler
6. excavation	f) antik, eski çağa ait

B used to / would

Complete with used to or would. *(used to ya da would ile tamamlayın.)*

1. People _____ (send) letters instead of emails.
2. My grandfather _____ (tell) us stories every night when we were children.
3. There _____ (be) a cinema in this street, but it closed down.
4. I _____ (not / like) olives, but now I love them.

C Language in use

Choose the correct option. *(Doğru seçeneği işaretleyin.)*

1. Which sentence is NOT correct?

a) We would go fishing every summer.
b) She used to live in İzmir.
c) I would have long hair when I was young.
d) I used to have long hair.

2. Göbeklitepe is believed ____ more than 11,000 years ago.

a) to build b) building c) being built d) to have been built

3. The archaeologists found coins that ____ in the Roman period.

a) make b) had been made c) have made d) were making

4. Before the invention of the printing press, books ____ by hand.

a) were copied b) copied c) had copying d) are copied

D Life in an ancient city

Read the text. Are the sentences true or false? *(Metni okuyun. Cümleler doğru mu, yanlış mı?)*

> Imagine you are living in Ephesus about 2,000 years ago. In the morning, you would walk along marble streets to the agora, the busy market place, to buy olive oil, fish and bread. Public baths were important meeting places where people would chat and do business. In the evening, you might watch a play at the Great Theatre, which could hold around 25,000 people. The Library of Celsus was one of the largest libraries of its time. Today, Ephesus is in ruins, but archaeologists are still working there and discovering new details about everyday life in the city.

1. The agora was a market place. ( )
2. People never talked to each other in public baths. ( )
3. The theatre could hold about 2,500 people. ( )
4. The Library of Celsus was a small library. ( )
5. Excavations are still continuing in Ephesus. ( )

E YDT Practice

Choose the best option for each question. *(YDT tarzı sorular: her soru için en uygun seçeneği işaretleyin.)*

1. Before people learned how to make fire, ____.

a) they will cook their food in ovens b) they have been using electricity

c) they would have invented the wheel d) they are living in caves

e) they used to eat raw meat and plants

2. Historians cannot say exactly when the castle was built ____.

a) as soon as the tourists arrive

b) because most of the old documents have been destroyed

c) unless they will find new evidence

d) so that the castle is restored

e) even if the walls had collapsed tomorrow

3. Choose the best option to complete the paragraph: Writing was invented independently in several parts of the world. In Mesopotamia, people first used it to keep records of grain and animals. ____. Over time, however, writing was also used for laws, letters and literature.

a) Children usually learn to write at the age of six

b) These early texts were therefore mostly lists and numbers

c) Many people today prefer typing to writing by hand

d) The Ottoman Empire lasted for more than six centuries

e) Paper is produced from trees in modern factories

F When my grandparents were young

Write your answer. *(Cevabınızı yazın. Örnek cevap, cevap anahtarındadır.)*

1. How was life different when your grandparents were young? Use used to and would. (80–100 words)