11. Sınıf İngilizce Hard Times Testi – Online

Konu: 11. Sınıf İngilizce Hard Times Testi · 20 soru

Ad Soyad		Sınıf / No	
Tarih		Puan	

Choose the correct answer. *(Doğru seçeneği işaretleyin.)*

1. We ---- dinner when the earthquake suddenly started.

a) have
b) were having
c) had had
d) are having
e) have had

2. Hundreds of volunteers joined the ---- team to search for survivors.

a) weather
b) cooking
c) rescue
d) sports
e) music

3. By the time the firefighters arrived, the fire ---- most of the building.

a) destroys
b) has destroyed
c) was destroyed
d) destroy
e) had destroyed

4. After the flood, many families had to stay in temporary ---- for weeks.

a) shelters
b) factories
c) shops
d) offices
e) markets

5. Luckily, nobody was seriously ---- in the accident.

a) cured
b) repaired
c) saved
d) injured
e) rescued

6. I was going to call you last night, but my phone’s battery ----.

a) dies
b) had died
c) has died
d) will die
e) is dying

7. While she ---- home from work, she saw a car crash on the motorway.

a) drove
b) has driven
c) was driving
d) drives
e) had been drive

8. The villagers ---- that a storm was coming, so they hadn’t prepared for it.

a) hadn’t known
b) haven’t known
c) don’t know
d) won’t know
e) aren’t knowing

9. The economic crisis forced many small businesses to ---- down.

a) turn
b) give
c) shut
d) take
e) break

10. ----, the family managed to escape before the house collapsed.

a) Unless they had woken up early
b) Thanks to the neighbours who warned them in time
c) Because the house was very strong
d) Although nobody was in danger
e) So that the fire would spread

11. He had never felt so ---- before; he had lost his job and his car in the same week.

a) delighted
b) relaxed
c) proud
d) excited
e) desperate

12. When we got to the station, the last train ----, so we had to take a taxi.

a) already left
b) has already left
c) had already left
d) leaves already
e) was already leave

13. Reporter: What were you doing when the storm hit? Mrs. Yıldız: ---- Reporter: That must have been terrifying. Which of the following best completes the dialogue?

a) I’m going to visit my sister next week.
b) I usually go shopping on Saturdays.
c) I have never seen a storm in my life.
d) I was reading a book in the garden when trees suddenly started falling.
e) The weather will be sunny tomorrow.

14. Tom: You look upset. What happened? Sara: ---- Tom: Oh no! Did you call the bank to block your cards? Which of the following best completes the dialogue?

a) I passed my driving test this morning.
b) Someone stole my wallet on the bus.
c) My sister had a baby yesterday.
d) I forgot to water the plants.
e) I lost my umbrella somewhere.

15. Had the warning been given earlier, more people could have left the area safely. Cümlesinin Türkçe dilindeki en yakın karşılığı hangisidir?

a) Uyarı daha erken yapılsaydı, daha fazla insan bölgeyi güvenli bir şekilde terk edebilirdi.

b) Uyarı erken yapıldığı için insanların çoğu bölgeyi güvenle terk etti.

c) Uyarı yapılmasına rağmen pek çok insan bölgeden ayrılmadı.

d) Daha çok insan bölgeden ayrılsaydı, uyarı daha erken yapılırdı.

e) Uyarı yapıldıktan sonra insanlar bölgeyi hızla terk etmeye başladı.

16. Kriz sırasında birbirimize yardım etmenin ne kadar önemli olduğunu anladık. Cümlesinin İngilizce dilindeki en yakın karşılığı hangisidir?

a) We didn’t realise that helping each other was important after the crisis.

b) During the crisis, nobody helped us, which was important.

c) We understood how important it was to help each other during the crisis.

d) Helping each other is more important than understanding a crisis.

e) We were asked to help each other before the crisis began.

17. When Hasan was ten, his family lost almost everything in a strong earthquake. They had been living in a small apartment in the city centre, and the building was badly damaged. For nearly a year, the family lived in a tent and later in a prefabricated house. Hasan remembers those months as cold and frightening, but he also remembers the kindness of strangers. Volunteers brought blankets, food and books, and a group of university students taught the children every afternoon. “Those students showed me that education can give hope even in the darkest times,” he says. Today Hasan is a civil engineer who designs earthquake-resistant buildings. He also visits schools to teach children what to do before, during and after an earthquake.

Where did Hasan’s family live right after the earthquake?

a) In a hotel

b) In a tent

c) With relatives

d) In a school

e) In a new apartment

18. According to the text, the university students ----.

a) built new houses for the families
b) brought blankets and food
c) gave lessons to the children
d) designed safe buildings
e) lost their homes too

19. What can be inferred about Hasan’s career choice?

a) He chose it because it is well-paid.
b) His parents forced him to become an engineer.
c) He wanted to become a teacher but failed.
d) He has never thought about earthquakes since childhood.
e) It was influenced by his experience of the earthquake.

20. The word “resistant” in the text is closest in meaning to ----.

a) likely to fall
b) easy to build
c) cheap to produce
d) able to withstand
e) difficult to find