12. Sınıf İngilizce Favors YDT Tipi Test – Online

Konu: 12. Sınıf İngilizce Favors YDT Tipi Test · 14 soru

Ad Soyad		Sınıf / No	
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Choose the correct answer. *(Doğru seçeneği işaretleyin.)*

1. My neighbour was really ---- when I needed help moving; she spent the whole weekend carrying boxes with me.

   a) reluctant
   b) suspicious
   c) generous
   d) careless
   e) jealous

2. Thank you so much for helping me with my project. I really ---- it.

   a) appreciate
   b) refuse
   c) borrow
   d) hesitate
   e) complain

3. Would you mind ---- the window? It’s getting cold in here.

   a) close
   b) to close
   c) closed
   d) to closing
   e) closing

4. I was wondering if you ---- me your notes from yesterday’s lesson.

   a) will lend
   b) could lend
   c) lend
   d) have lent
   e) are lending

5. Asking for a favor is not always easy. Many people feel (5) ---- to ask for help because they do not want to be a burden. However, research suggests that people are usually more (6) ---- to help than we expect. In fact, (7) ---- someone for a small favor can even make them like you more, an idea known as the “Ben Franklin effect”.

(5)

a) generous
b) delighted
c) eager
d) reluctant
e) grateful

6. (6)

a) unlikely
b) willing
c) refused
d) unable
e) ashamed

7. (7)

a) asking
b) asks
c) asked
d) to be asked
e) ask

8. Although she was extremely busy with her own exams, ----.

a) she refused to help anyone
b) she had no time for her friends
c) she didn’t have time to study
d) because she was very tired
e) she agreed to help me with my maths homework

9. If you hadn’t given me a hand with the boxes yesterday, ----.

a) I will finish moving today
b) I can’t carry them alone
c) I would never have finished moving on time
d) I won’t finish moving on time
e) I had finished moving on time

10. “Do you mind if I borrow your laptop for an hour? Mine has just broken down.” cümlesinin en yakın Türkçe karşılığı hangisidir?

a) Dizüstü bilgisayarımı bir saatliğine ödünç almak ister misin? Benimki az önce bozuldu.

b) Bir saat önce dizüstü bilgisayarını ödünç aldığım için kızdın mı? Benimki bozulmuştu.

c) Dizüstü bilgisayarını bir saatliğine ödünç alsam ne düşünürsün? Benimki yakında bozulacak.

d) Dizüstü bilgisayarını bir saatliğine ödünç alsam sorun olur mu? Benimki az önce bozuldu.

e) Dizüstü bilgisayarını bir saatliğine kullanmam gerekiyor çünkü benimki sürekli bozuluyor.

11. The phrase “pay it forward” describes a simple idea: when someone does you a favor, instead of paying that person back, you do a kind act for someone else. The phrase became popular in the early 2000s, but the idea itself is much older. Supporters argue that it creates a chain of kindness that can spread through a whole community. For example, a customer might pay for the coffee of the stranger behind them in a queue, who then does the same for the next person. Critics, however, point out that such chains often end quickly and that real social change requires more than random acts of kindness. Still, studies show that people who receive unexpected help are more likely to help others afterwards.

According to the passage, “paying it forward” means ----.

a) returning a favor to the person who helped you

b) doing a kind act for another person after receiving help

c) paying only for your own coffee

d) writing a story about kindness

e) refusing help from strangers

12. Which of the following is a point made by the critics?

a) Chains of kindness usually do not last long.

b) People never help strangers.

c) The idea was first invented in the 2000s.

d) Unexpected help makes people selfish.

e) Cafés should not allow the practice.

13. Tom: Hi Lisa, are you busy this Saturday? Lisa: Not really. Why? Tom: ---- Lisa: Sure, I'd be happy to. What time should I come? Tom: Around ten, if that's OK.

Which option best completes the dialogue?

a) I'm afraid I can't come to your party.

b) Did you enjoy the concert last Saturday?

c) I've already finished painting my room.

d) Could you tell me where the nearest shop is?

e) I'm painting my room and could really use a hand.

14. (I) Asking for a favor at work requires good timing. (II) If your colleague is under pressure because of a deadline, it is better to wait. (III) Many offices nowadays have open-plan designs with large windows. (IV) You should also explain clearly what you need and how long it will take. (V) Finally, offering to return the favor shows that you value their time.

Which sentence is irrelevant?

a) I

b) II

c) III

d) IV

e) V